

GBI ASSESMENT CRITERIA
NON-RESIDENTIAL NEW CONSTRUCTION
(NRNC): RETAIL

VERSION 1.0 | MAY 2013

CONTENTS

PAGE	2	COPYRIGHT AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS
		INTRODUCTION
PAGE	3	What is the Green Building Index (GBI)?
PAGE	3	Who can use the Green Building Index (Non-Residential)?
PAGE	3	How to Use the Green Building Index?
PAGE	4	PROJECT INFORMATION
		ASSESSMENT CRITERIA
PAGE	5	Summary of Final Score
PAGE	6	Summary of Contents
		INDIVIDUAL ITEM SCORE
PAGE	8	PART 1: Energy Efficiency (EE)
PAGE	10	PART 2: Indoor Environmental Quality (EQ)
PAGE	13	PART 3: Sustainable Site Planning & Management (SM)
PAGE	16	PART 4: Materials & Resources (MR)
PAGE	17	PART 5: Water Efficiency (WE)
PAGE	18	PART 6: Innovation (IN)

COPYRIGHT AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Green Building Index has been developed by PAM and ACEM for the purposes as mentioned above and may be subject to further updating and/or modification in future.

The Green Building Index (GBI) is based upon the existing rating tools such as the Singapore Green Mark and the Australian Green Star system, amongst others which have been extensively modified for the Malaysian application. Grateful acknowledgment is made to the owners of copyright for these systems for use of their documents, information and materials in the development of the GBI.

While every care has been taken by PAM and ACEM in the development of the GBI to establish and acknowledge copyright of the information and materials used, and contact the copyright owners known to PAM/ACEM, PAM and ACEM tender their apologies for any accidental copyright infringement.

The GBI is a copyright of Greenbuildingindex Sdn Bhd (in short "GSB") in which GSB reserves all rights. GSB is the custodian of all rights of PAM and ACEM in the GBI. No part of the GBI may be used, modified, reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form, or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written permission of GSB.

DISCLAIMERS

PAM and/or ACEM and/or GSB shall not be held liable for any improper or incorrect use of the GBI (inclusive of the materials and/or information contained therein) and assume no responsibility for any user's use of it. In no event shall PAM and/or ACEM and/or GSB be liable for any damages whatsoever, whether direct, indirect, incidental, special, exemplary or consequential (including, but not limited to business interruption or loss of use, data or profits) regardless of cause, and on any basis of liability, whether in contract, strict liability or tort (including negligence, misrepresentation or otherwise) arising in any way out of the use of the GBI or the information and materials contained therein

The information and materials in the GBI are provided "as is" and without warranties of any kind expressed or implied. PAM, ACEM and GSB do not warrant or make representations as to the accuracy and completeness of any information and/or materials contained therein. While every effort has been made to check the accuracy and completeness of the information and materials given, the users should always make their own relevant checks. Accordingly, PAM, ACEM and GSB do not accept responsibility and liability for misstatements made in it or misunderstanding from it.

The GBI is no substitute for professional advice. Users are advised to consult with appropriate and accredited professional advisors for advice concerning specific matters pertaining to the GBI before adopting or using it. PAM, ACEM and GSB disclaim any responsibility for positions taken by users in their individual cases or for any misunderstandings and losses, direct or indirectly, on the part of the users.

PAM, ACEM and GSB do not endorse or otherwise acknowledge the GBI rating achieved by the use of the GBI. PAM, ACEM and GSB offer a formal certification process for ratings; which service provides for independent third party review of points claimed to ensure that all credits can be demonstrated to be achieved by the provision of the necessary documentary evidence. Use of the GBI without formal certification by GSB does not entitle the user or any other party to promote the achieved GBI rating. Notwithstanding the above, neither the GBI formalization nor any certification issued by GSB shall be used for advertising or product/services endorsement purposes.

INDEMNIFICATION

To the extent permitted by applicable law, by using GSB's GBI, the user agrees to defend, indemnify, and hold harmless, PAM and/or ACEM and/or GSB, their officers, employees, members, representatives and agents from and against all claims and expenses of whatsoever kind and amount, arising out of the user's use of the GBI or materials and information contained therein and not to pursue any cause of action whatsoever against PAM and/or ACEM and/or GSB under any conceivable circumstances.

INTRODUCTION

WHAT IS THE GREEN BUILDING INDEX (GBI)?

The Green Building Index is an environmental rating system for buildings developed by PAM (Pertubuhan Arkitek Malaysia / Malaysian Institute of Architects) and ACEM (the Association of Consulting Engineers Malaysia). The Green Building Index is Malaysia's first comprehensive rating system for evaluating the environmental design and performance of Malaysian buildings based on the six (6) main criterias of Energy Efficiency, Indoor Environment Quality, Sustainable Site Planning & Management, Materials & Resources, Water Efficiency, and Innovation.

The Green Building Index is fundamentally derived from existing rating tools, including the Singapore Green Mark and the Australian Green Star system, but extensively modified for relevance to the Malaysian tropical weather, environmental context, cultural and social needs.

This PAM/ACEM GBI initiative aims to assist the building industry in its march towards sustainable development. The GBI environmental rating system is created to:

- · Define green building by establishing a common language and standard of measurement;
- · Promote integrated, whole-building design;
- Recognise and reward environmental leadership;
- · Transform the built environment to reduce the environmental impact of development; and
- Ensure new buildings remain relevant in the future and existing buildings are refurbished properly to remain relevant.

WHO CAN USE THE GREEN BUILDING INDEX (NON-RESIDENTIAL)?

PAM/ACEM encourage all members of Project Teams, Building owners, Developers and other interested parties (including Contractors, Government and Design and Build Contractors) to use the Green Building Index to validate environmental initiatives of the design phase of new non-residential construction or base non-residential building refurbishment; or construction and procurement phase of non-residential buildings. Use of the Green Building Index is encouraged on all such projects to assess and improve their environmental attributes.

Use of the Green Building Index (Non-Residential) tool without formal certification by an independent accredited GBI Certifier does not entitle the user or any other party to promote the Green Building Index rating achieved. No fee is payable to PAM/ACEM for such use, however formal recognition of the Green Building Index rating - and the right to promote same - requires undertaking the formal certification process offered by PAM/ACEM.

Whilst GBI NRNC is a generic rating tool for Office Buildings, the GBI (NRNC): RETAIL is a bespoke rating tool for Malls, Shopping Centres & Retail Stores. The GBI (NRNC): RETAIL is developed in collaboration with the Malaysia Shopping Malls Association.

 $All\ Green\ Building\ Index\ rating\ tools\ are\ reviewed\ periodicity;\ please\ forward\ any\ feedback\ to\ info@greenbuildingindex.org.$

HOW TO USE THE GREEN BUILDING INDEX?

- · Complete the Building Input worksheet as the building's type and location may affect the predicted rating.
- Complete the remaining worksheets by reviewing each credit in each category and entering the number of
 points you predict the building will achieve in the 'No. of Points Achieved' column. Calculators are provided
 for a number of the tool's credits.
- Enter any points that may be achieved but need to be confirmed in the 'Points to be Confirmed' column.
- Enter any comments required in the 'Comments' column.
- The predicted rating is shown in the Summary worksheet. More detail on point scores (both achieved and those to be confirmed) are shown in the Credit Summary and Graphical Summary worksheets at the end of the tool.

PROJECT INFORMATION

NAME OF BUILDING	
ADDRESS OF BUILDING	
POSTCODE	
STATE	
APPLICANT	
CONTACT PERSON	
ARCHITECT	
CIVIL ENGINEER	
STRUCTURAL ENGINEER	
MECHANICAL ENGINEER	
ELECTRICAL ENGINEER	
QUANTITY SURVEYOR	
LAND SURVEYOR	
LANDSCAPE CONSULTANT	
OTHER SPECIALIST CONSULTANT(S)	
MAIN CONTRACTOR	
LOCAL AUTHORITY	
TOTAL GROSS FLOOR AREA	
LAND AREA FOR LANDED PROPERTY	
BUILDING DESCRIPTION	

 VERSION 1.0 | MAY 2013
 4
 GREENBUILDINGINDEX SDN BHD (845666-V)

DETAIL ASSESSMENT CRITERIA SUMMARY OF FINAL SCORE

PART	ITEM	MAXIMUM POINTS	SCORE
1	Energy Efficiency	35	0
2	Indoor Environmental Quality	21	0
3	Sustainable Site Planning & Management	16	0
4	Material & Resources	11	0
5	Water Efficiency	10	0
6	Innovation	7	0
	TOTAL SCORE	100	0

GREEN BUILDING INDEX CLASSIFICATION

POINTS	GBI RATING
86 to 100 points	Platinum
76 to 85 points	Gold
66 to 75 points	Silver
50 to 65 points	Certified

DETAIL ASSESSMENT CRITERIA SUMMARY OF CONTENTS

PART	CRITERIA	ITEM	POINTS	TOTAL		
	EE	ENERGY EFFICIENCY				
	Design					
	EE1	Minimum EE Performance	1			
	EE2	Lighting Zoning	3			
	EE3	Electrical Sub-metering	1			
	EE4	Renewable Energy	5			
1	EE5	Advanced EE Performance - BEI	15	25		
	Commissionir	ng		35		
	EE6	Enhanced Commissioning	3			
	EE7	Post Occupancy Commissioning	2			
	Verification 8	d Maintenance				
	EE8	EE Verification	2			
	EE9	Sustainable Maintenance	3			
	EQ INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY					
	Air Quality					
	EQ1	Minimum IAQ Performance	1			
	EQ2	Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control	1			
	EQ3	Carbon Dioxide Monitoring and Control	1			
	EQ4	Indoor Air Pollutants	2			
	EQ5	Mould Prevention	1			
	Thermal Comfort					
	EQ6	Thermal Comfort: Design & Controllability of Systems	2			
_	EQ7	Air Change Effectiveness	1			
2	Lighting, Visu	al & Acoustic Comfort		21		
	EQ8	Daylighting	2			
	EQ9	Daylight Glare Control	1			
	EQ10	Electric Lighting Levels	1			
	EQ11	High Frequency Ballasts	1			
	EQ12	External Views	2			
	EQ13	Internal Noise Levels	1			
	Verification					
	EQ14	IAQ Before & During Occupancy	2			
	EQ15	Post Occupancy Comfort Survey: Verification	2			

DETAIL ASSESSMENT CRITERIASUMMARY OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

PART	CRITERIA	ITEM	POINTS	TOTAL			
	SM	Sustainable Site Planning & Management					
	Site Planning						
	SM1	Site Selection	1				
	SM2	Brownfield Redevelopment	1				
	SM3	Development Density & Community Connectivity	2				
	SM4	Environment Management	2				
	Construction Management						
	SM5	Earthworks - Construction Activity Pollution Control	1				
3	SM6	QLASSIC	1				
3	SM7	Workers' Site Amenities	1	16			
	Transportatio	n					
	SM8	Public Transportation Access	1				
	SM9	Green Vehicle Priority	1				
	SM10	Parking Capacity	1				
	Design		·				
	SM11	Stormwater Design – Quantity & Quality Control	1				
	SM12	Greenery & Roof	2				
	SM13	Building User Manual	1				
	MR	Materials & Resources					
	Reused & Recycled Materials						
	MR1	Materials Reuse And Selection	2				
	MR2	Recycled Content Materials	2				
	Sustainable Resources						
4	MR3	Regional Materials	1				
4	MR4	Sustainable Timber	1	11			
	Waste Management						
	MR5	Storage & Collection of recyclables	1				
	MR6	Construction waste management	2				
	Green Produc	ts	•				
	MR7	Refrigerants & Clean Agents	2				
	WE	Water Efficiency					
	Water Harves	ting & Recycling					
	WE1	Rainwater Harvesting	2				
5	WE2	Water Recycling	2				
3	Increased Effi	ciency	·	10			
	WE3	Water Efficient - Irrigation/Landscaping	2				
	WE4	Water Efficient Fittings	2	ı			
	WE5	Metering & Leak Detection System	2				
	IN	Innovation					
6	IN1	Innovation in Design & Environmental Design Initiatives	6	7			
	IN2	Green Building Index Accredited Facilitator	1	7			
			TOTAL POINTS	100			

1 ENERGY EFFICIENCY (EE) DESIGN | COMMISSIONING | VERIFICATION & MAINTENANCE

35 POINTS

ITEM	AREA OF ASSESSMENT	DETAIL POINTS ALLOCATED	MAX POINTS	SCORE
DESI	GN			
EE1	MINIMUM EE PERFORMANCE (MANDATORY COMPLIANCE)			
	Establish minimum energy efficiency (EE) performance to reduce energy consumption in buildings, thus reducing CO ₂ emission to the atmosphere. Meet the following minimum EE requirements as stipulated in MS 1525:		_	
	a. OTTV \leq 50, RTTV \leq 25. Submit calculations (use of the BEIT software or other GBI approved software is acceptable), AND	1	1	
	b. Provision of Energy Management Control system where Air-conditioned space $\geq 4000 \ m^2$			
EE2	LIGHTING ZONING			
	Provide flexible lighting controls to optimise energy savings:-			
	All individual or enclosed spaces to be individually switched; and the size of individually switched lighting zones shall not exceed 30m² for 90% of the NLA; with switching clearly labelled and easily accessible by building occupants/management.	1		
	Provide auto-sensor controlled lighting in conjunction with daylighting strategy for all perimeter zones and daylit areas.	1	3	
	Provide motion sensors or equivalent to complement lighting zoning for at least 25% of Landlord & Common Areas.	1		
EE3	ELECTRICAL SUB-METERING & TENANT SUB-METERING	,		
	Monitor energy consumption of key building services as well as all tenancy areas:-		_	
	Provide sub-metering for all energy uses of \geq 100kVa; with separate sub-metering for lighting and/or for power at each floor or tenancy.	1	1	
EE4	RENEWABLE ENERGY			
	Encourage use of renewable energy:-			
	Where 0.5 % or 5 kWp (PV or equiv) whichever is the greater, of the total electricity consumption is generated by renewable energy, \it{OR}	2		
	Where 1.0 % or 10 kWp (PV or equiv) whichever is the greater, of the total electricity consumption is generated by renewable energy, \textit{OR}	3	5	
	Where 1.5 % or 20 kWp (PV or equiv) whichever is the greater, of the total electricity consumption is generated by renewable energy, \textit{OR}	4		
	Where 2.0 % or 40 kWp (PV or equiv) whichever is the greater, of the total electricity consumption is generated by renewable energy	5		
EE5	ADVANCED EE PERFORMANCE			T
	Exceed Energy Efficiency (EE) performance better than the baseline minimum to reduce energy consumption in the building. Achieve Building Energy Intensity (BEI) as defined by GBI for the following corresponding credit points. The default operating hours for Retail/Mall shall be 84 hours per week. Use of BEIT Software (only for Certified & Silver rating) or other GBI approved software/s is acceptable. Non-electricity fuel energy is excluded in the BEI calculation. BEI, values listed below apply to Mall consisting of generally retail outlets and other low energy intensity outlets that normally do not operate after hours. BEI ₂ values apply to Mall consisting of at least 10% (of its NLA) high energy intensity outlets such as F&B outlets, supermarket, arcade, fitness centre, etc., AND outlets operating after hours such as cinema, karaoke, et cetera. Mall with extra high energy intensity use such as Ice skating rink will have BEI values adjusted on a case-to-case basis.			
	BEI₁ ≤ 240, BEI₂ ≤ 350, <i>OR</i>	2	15	
	BEI₁ ≤ 225, BEI₂ ≤ 325, <i>OR</i>	3		
	BEI₁ ≤ 210, BEI₂ ≤ 300, <i>OR</i>	5		
	BEI₁ ≤ 195, BEI₂ ≤ 280, <i>OR</i>	8		
	BEI₁ ≤ 180, BEI₂ ≤ 255, <i>OR</i>	10		
	BEI₁ ≤ 160, BEI₂ ≤ 235, <i>OR</i>	12		
	BEI₁ ≤ 145, BEI₂ ≤ 210 <i>OR</i>	15		

ITEM	AREA OF ASSESSMENT	DETAIL POINTS ALLOCATED	MAX POINTS	SCORE
СОМ	MISSIONING			
EE6	ENHANCED COMMISSIONING OF BUILDING ENERGY SYSTEMS			
	Ensure building's energy related systems are designed and installed to achieve proper commissioning so as to realise their full potential and intent. Appoint an independent GBI recognised Commissioning Specialist (CxS) at the onset of the design process to verify that comprehensive pre-commissioning and commissioning is performed for all the building's energy related systems in accordance with ASHRAE Commissioning Guideline or other GBI approved equivalent standard/s by:-			
	Conducting at least one commissioning design review during the detail design stage and back-check the review comments during the tender documentation stage.			
	2. Developing and incorporating commissioning requirements into the tender documents.			
	3. Developing and implementing a commissioning plan.	3	3	
	4. Verifying the installation and performance of the systems to be commissioned.			
	5. Reviewing contractor submittals applicable to systems being commissioned for compliance.			
	Developing a systems manual that provides future operating staff the information needed to understand and optimally operate the commissioned systems.			
	7. Verifying that the requirements for training operating personnel and building occupants are completed.			
EE7	POST OCCUPANCY COMMISSIONING			l
	Carry out post occupancy commissioning for all tenancy areas after fit-out changes are completed.			
	Design engineer shall review all tenancy fit-out plans to ensure original design intent is not compromised and upon completion of the fit-out works, verify and fine-tune the installations to suit.	1	2	
	2. Within 12 months of practical completion (or earlier if there is at least 50% occupancy), the CxS shall carry out a full post/re-commissioning of the building's energy related systems to verify that their performance is sustained in conjunction with the completed tenancy fit-outs.	1		
VERI	FICATION & MAINTENANCE			
EE8	EE VERIFICATION			
	Verify predicted energy use of key building services:-			
	1. Use Energy Management System to monitor and analyse energy consumption including reading of sub-meters, <i>AND</i>	- 2	2	
	2. Fully commission EMS including Maximum Demand Limiting programme within 12 months of practical completion (or earlier if there is at least 50% occupancy).			
EE9	SUSTAINABLE MAINTENANCE			
	Ensure the building's energy related systems will continue to perform as intended beyond the 12 months Defects & Liability Period:-		3	
	At least 50% of permanent building maintenance team to be on-board one (1) to three (3) months before practical completion and to fully participate (to be specified in contract conditions) in the Testing & Commissioning of all building energy services.	1		
	2. Provide for a designated building maintenance office that is fully equipped with facilities (including tools and instrumentation) and inventory storage.	- 2		
	3. Provide evidence of documented plan for at least 3-year facility maintenance and preventive maintenance budget (inclusive of staffing and outsourced contracts).			
	EE SUB-TOTAL	35	35	0

2

INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (EQ)

AIR QUALITY | THERMAL COMFORT | LIGHTING, VISUAL & ACOUSTIC COMFORT | VERIFICATION

21 POINTS

ITEM	AREA OF ASSESSMENT	DETAIL POINTS ALLOCATED	MAX POINTS	SCORE			
AIR C	AIR QUALITY						
EQ1	MINIMUM IAQ PERFORMANCE						
	Establish minimum indoor air quality (IAQ) performance to enhance indoor air quality in building, thus contributing to the comfort and well-being of the occupants:-		1				
	Meet the minimum requirements of ventilation rate in ASHRAE 62.1 or the local building code whichever is the more stringent.	1	'				
EQ2	ENVIRONMENTAL TOBACCO SMOKE (ETS) CONTROL						
	Minimize exposure of building occupants, indoor surfaces, and ventilation air distribution systems to Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS):-						
	Prohibit smoking in the building, <i>AND</i> Locate any exterior designated smoking areas at least 10m away from entries, outdoor air intakes and operable windows.	1	1				
EQ3	CARBON DIOXIDE MONITORING AND CONTROL						
	Provide response monitoring of carbon dioxide levels to ensure delivery of minimum outside air requirements:-						
	Install carbon dioxide (CO ₂) monitoring and control system with at least one (1) CO ₂ sensor at all main return points on each floor to facilitate continuous monitoring and adjustment of outside air ventilation rates to each floor, and ensure independent control of ventilation rates to maintain CO ₂ level \leq 1,000 ppm.	1	1				
EQ4	INDOOR AIR POLLUTANTS						
	Reduce detrimental impact on occupant health from finishes that emit internal air pollutants:-						
	Use low VOC paint and coating throughout the building. Paints and Coatings to comply with requirements specified in international labelling schemes recognized by GBI, <i>AND</i>						
	Use low VOC carpet or flooring throughout the building. Carpets to comply with requirements specified in international labelling schemes recognized by GBI. Other types of flooring to comply with requirements under FloorScore developed by Science Certification System or equivalent, <i>AND</i>	1					
	Use low VOC adhesive and sealant or no adhesive or sealant used.						
	Use products with no added urea formaldehyde. These include:		2				
	a) Composite wood and agrifiber products defined as: particleboard, medium density fiberboard (MDF), plywood, wheatboard, strawboard, panel substrates and door cores, AND						
	 b) Laminating adhesives used to fabricate on-site and shop-applied composite wood and agrifiber assemblies, AND 	1					
	c) Insulation foam, <i>AND</i>						
	d) Draperies						
EQ5	MOULD PREVENTION						
	Design system/s which reduce the risk of mould growth and its associated detrimental impact on occupant health:-						
	Where it is demonstrated that the mechanical air-conditioned ventilation system will maintain a positive indoor air pressure relative to the exterior and can actively control indoor air humidity to be no more than 70% RH without the use of active control that will consume additional energy.		1				
	Ensure that excessive moisture in building is controlled during the Design, Construction and Operation stages by the consideration and the control of the following:						
	i) Rainwater leakage through roof and walls	1					
	ii) Infiltration of moist air iii) Diffusion of moisture through walls, roof and floors						
	iv) Groundwater intrusion into basements and crawl spaces through walls and floors						
	v) Leaking or burst pipes						
	vi) Indoor moisture sources						
	vii) Construction moisture, <i>OR</i> The building is fully particular yeartilated.						
	The building is fully naturally ventilated						

ITEM	AREA OF ASSESSMENT	DETAIL POINTS ALLOCATED	MAX POINTS	SCORE
THER	MAL COMFORT			
EQ6	THERMAL COMFORT: DESIGN & CONTROLLABILITY OF SYSTEMS			
	Provide a high level of thermal comfort system control by individual occupants or by specific groups in multi-occupant spaces to promote the productivity, comfort and well-being of building occupants:-			
	Design to ASHRAE 55 standards in conjunction with localised parameters listed in MS 1525.	1	2	
	Provide individual comfort controls for ≥ 50% of the building occupants to enable adjustments to suit individual task needs and preferences. **AND** Provide comfort system controls for all shared multi-occupant spaces to enable adjustments to suit group.			
_	needs and preferences. Conditions for thermal comfort include the primary factors of air temperature, radiant temperature, air speed and humidity. Comfort system control for this purpose is defined as the provision of control over at least one of these primary factors in the occupants' local environment.	1		
EQ7	AIR CHANGE EFFECTIVENESS			
	Provide effective delivery of clean air through reduced mixing with indoor pollutants in order to promote a healthy indoor environment. Demonstrate that the Air Change Effectiveness (ACE) meets the following criteria for at least 50% of the air-conditioned public areas:	1	1	
	The ventilation systems are designed to achieve an ACE of \geq 0.95 when measured in accordance with ASHRAE 129: Measuring air change effectiveness where ACE is to be measured in the breathing zone (nominally 1.0 m from finished floor level)	'	1	
LIGH	TING, VISUAL & ACOUSTIC COMFORT			
EQ8	DAYLIGHTING			
	Provide good levels of daylighting for building occupants:-			
	Demonstrate that \geq 30% of the NLA has a daylight factor in the range of 1.0 – 3.5%, $\it OR$	1		
	Demonstrate that \geq 50% of the NLA has a daylight factor in the range of 1.0 – 3.5%.	2	2	
	Mall application may consider use of atrium skylighting and/or perimeter wall daylighting. NLA calculation includes retail space, public area and BOH office. For multi-storey (>3 Floors) Mall, the required percentage value of NLA is halved.			
EQ9	DAYLIGHT GLARE CONTROL			
	Reduce discomfort of glare from natural light. Where blinds or screens are fitted on all glazing and atrium as a base building, incorporate provisions to meet the following criteria;			
	a) Eliminate glare from all direct sun penetration and keep horizontal workspace lux level below 2000;			
	b) Eliminate glare from diffuse sky radiation for occupant workspace at $$ viewing angles of 15 $^{\circ}$ to 60 $^{\circ}$ from the horizontal at eye level.	1	1	
	c) Control with an automatic monitoring system (for atrium and windows with incident direct sun light only - not applicable for fixed blinds/screens);			
	AND d) Equip with a manual override function accessible by occupants (not applicable for fixed blinds/screens)			
EQ10	ELECTRIC LIGHTING LEVELS			
	Baseline building lighting not to be over designed:-			
	Demonstrate that lighting designs for different spaces of the building maintain luminance levels of no more than specified in MS1525 for 90% of NLA.	1	1	
EQ11	HIGH FREQUENCY BALLASTS			
	Increase workplace amenity by avoiding low frequency flicker that may be associated with fluorescent lighting:-		1	
	Install high frequency ballasts in at least 90% of all fluorescent luminaires used.	1	•	

ITEM	AREA OF ASSESSMENT	DETAIL POINTS ALLOCATED	MAX POINTS	SCORE
LIGH	TING, VISUAL & ACOUSTIC COMFORT			
EQ12	EXTERNAL VIEWS			
	Reduce eyestrain for building occupants by allowing long distance views and provision of visual connection to the outdoor.			
	Innovative design is required, e.g. consider opening up and introducing windows in foodcourts especially to seating areas, and introduce windows to retail units located at the perimeters and ground floor. External views also include views to the sky for atriums.		2	
	Demonstrate that \geq 60% of the NLA has a direct line of sight through vision glazing.	1		
	Demonstrate that $\geq 75\%$ of the NLA has a direct line of sight through vision glazing.	2		
EQ13	INTERNAL NOISE LEVELS			
	Maintain internal noise levels at an appropriate level. Demonstrate that 90% of the NLA do not exceed the following ambient internal noise levels:-			
	Within the entire baseline building general office, space noise from the building services does not exceed 40dBAeq.	1	1	
	OR Within the baseline building office space, the sound level does not exceed 45dBAeq for open plan and not exceed 40dBAeq for closed offices.		•	
	Note that internal noise level thresholds for areas other than office shall not exceed values stipulated in ASHRAE Standard or other GBI approved Standards, Code of Practice or Design Guides; e.g. CIBSE Guide.			
VERI	FICATION			
EQ14	IAQ BEFORE & DURING OCCUPANCY			
	Reduce indoor air quality problems resulting from the construction process in order to help sustain the comfort and well-being of building occupants. Develop and implement an Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Management Plan for the Pre-Occupancy phase as follows:-			
	 Perform a building flush out by supplying outdoor air to provide not less than 10 airchanges/hour for at least 30 minutes operation before occupancy and continuous minimum 1 ACH during the initial 14 days occupancy of the completed building. OR 	1		
	2. If low VOC materials and low formaldehyde composite wood are used, then building flush out can be performed by supplying outdoor air to provide not less than 10 airchanges/hour for at least 15 minutes operation or not less than 6 airchanges/hour for at least 30 minutes operation and continuous 1ACH during the initial 7 days occupancy of the completed building. OR		2	
	Within 12 months of occupancy, conduct IAQ testing to demonstrate maximum concentrations for pollutants are not exceeded according to the Indoor Air Quality Code of Malaysia.			
	During Occupancy Stage: Where a permanent air flushing system of at least 10 airchanges/hour operation is installed for use during occupancy stage.	1		
EQ15	POST OCCUPANCY COMFORT SURVEY: VERIFICATION			
	Provide for the assessment of comfort of the building occupants:-			
	Conduct a post-occupancy comfort survey of building occupants within 12 months after occupancy/ building completion. This survey should collect anonymous responses about thermal comfort, visual comfort and acoustic comfort in a building. It should include an assessment of overall satisfaction with thermal, visual and acoustic performance and identification of thermal-related, visual-related and acoustic-related problems.		2	
	AND Develop a plan for corrective action if the survey results indicate that more than 20% of occupants are dissatisfied with the overall comfort in the building. This plan should include measurement of relevant environmental variables in problem areas. The relevant environmental variables include 1) Temperature, relative humidity, air speed and mean radiant temperature, 2) Lighting level and glare problem, 3) Background noise level, 4) Odour problem, CO2 level, VOCs, and particulate concentration.	2		
·	EQ SUB-TOTAL	21	21	0

SUSTAINABLE SITE PLANNING & MANAGEMENT (SM) SITE PLANNING | CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT | TRANSPORTATION | DESIGN

16 POINTS

ITEM	AREA OF ASSESSMENT	DETAIL POINTS ALLOCATED	MAX POINTS	SCORE
SITE	PLANNING			
SM1	SITE SELECTION			
	Do not develop building, hardscape, road or parking area on a site or part of a site that meet any one of the following criteria:-			
	a) Prime farmland as defined by the Structure Plan of the area or the National Physical Plan.			
	b) Forest reserve or State Environmental Protection Zones that is specifically identified as habitat for any species found on the endangered lists.			
	c) Within 30 m of any wetlands as defined by the Structure Plan of the area OR within setback distances from wetlands prescribed in state or local regulations, as defined by local or state rule or law, whichever is more stringent.	1	1	
	d) Previously undeveloped land that is within 30 m of Mean High Water Spring (MHWS) sea level which supports or could support wildlife or recreational use, or statutory requirements whichever is the more stringent.			
	e) Previously undeveloped land that is within 20 m of lake, river, stream and tributary which support or could support wildlife or recreational use.			
	f) Land which prior to acquisition for the project was public parkland, unless land of equal or greater value as parkland is provided.			
SM2	BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT			•
	Reduce pressure on undeveloped land by rehabilitating damaged sites where development is complicated by environmental contamination, thereby reducing pressure on undeveloped land. This would typically involve old rubbish tips, former mining land, old factory sites, etc.	1	1	
SM3	DEVELOPMENT DENSITY & COMMUNITY CONNECTIVITY			
	Channel development to urban area with existing infrastructure, protect greenfield and preserve habitat and natural resources:-			
	A) DEVELOPMENT DENSITY Construct a new building or renovate an existing building on a previously developed site AND in a community with a minimum density of 20,300 m² per hectare net (87,000 ft² per acre net)	1		
	B) COMMUNITY CONNECTIVITY Construct a new building or renovate an existing building on a previously developed site AND within 1 km of a residential zone or neighbourhood with an average density of 25 units per hectare net (10 units per acre net) AND within 1 km of at least 10 Basic Services AND with pedestrian access between the building and the services.		2	
	Basic Services include, but are not limited to:	1		
	1) Bank; 2) Place of Worship; 3) Convenience / Grocery; 4) Day Care; 5) Police Station; 6) Fire Station; 7) Beauty; 8) Hardware; 9) Laundry; 10) Library; 11) Medical / Dental; 12) Senior Care Facility; 13) Park; 14) Pharmacy; 15) Post Office; 16) Restaurant; 17) School; 18) Supermarket; 19) Theatre; 20) Community Centre; 21) Fitness Centre.			
	Proximity is determined by drawing a 1 km radius around the main building entrance on a site map and counting the services found within that radius.			

ITEM	AREA OF ASSESSMENT	DETAIL POINTS ALLOCATED	MAX POINTS	SCORE
SITE	PLANNING			
SM4	ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT			
	A) Conserve existing natural area and restore damaged area to provide habitat and promote biodiversity & B) Maximize Open Space by providing a high ratio of open space to development footprint to promote biodiversity:-			
	A) Conservation: On previously developed or graded site, restore or protect a minimum of 50% of the site area (excluding the building footprint) with native or adaptive vegetation. Native or adaptive plants are plants indigenous to a locality or cultivars of native plants that are adapted to the local climate and are not considered invasive species or noxious weeds. Applicable also to landscaping on rooftops and roof gardens so long as the plants meet the definition of native or adaptive vegetation. OR On greenfield sites, limit all site disturbance to within 12 m beyond the building perimeter; 3 m beyond surface walkway, patio, surface parking and utilities less than 300 mm in diameter; 4.5 m beyond primary roadway curb and main utility branch trench; and 7.5 m beyond constructed area with permeable surface (such as pervious paving area, storm water detention facility and playing field) that require additional staging area in order to limit compaction in the constructed area.	1	2	
	B) Open Space:- Reduce by 25%, the development footprint (defined as the total area of the building footprint, hardscape, access road and parking) and/or provide vegetated open space within the project boundary to exceed the local zoning's open space requirement for the site by 25%. OR			
	For areas with no local zoning requirement (e.g., university campus, military bases), provide vegetated open space adjacent to the building whose area is equal to that of the building footprint. OR	1		
	Where a zoning ordinance exists, but there is no requirement for open space (zero), provide vegetated open space equal to 20% of the project's site area.			
CON	STRUCTION MANAGEMENT			
SM5	EARTHWORKS - CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY POLLUTION CONTROL			
	Reduce pollution from construction activities by controlling soil erosion, waterway sedimentation and			
	airborne dust generation:-			
	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent.			
	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes,	1	1	
	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent.	1	1	
	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent. The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff and/or wind erosion, including protecting	1	1	
	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent. The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff and/or wind erosion, including protecting topsoil by stockpiling for reuse.	1	1	
SM6	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent. The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff and/or wind erosion, including protecting topsoil by stockpiling for reuse. b) Prevent sedimentation of storm sewer or receiving stream.	1	1	
SM6	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent. The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff and/or wind erosion, including protecting topsoil by stockpiling for reuse. b) Prevent sedimentation of storm sewer or receiving stream. c) Prevent polluting the air with dust and particulate matter.	1	1	
SM6	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent. The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff and/or wind erosion, including protecting topsoil by stockpiling for reuse. b) Prevent sedimentation of storm sewer or receiving stream. c) Prevent polluting the air with dust and particulate matter.	1	1	
SM6	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent. The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff and/or wind erosion, including protecting topsoil by stockpiling for reuse. b) Prevent sedimentation of storm sewer or receiving stream. c) Prevent polluting the air with dust and particulate matter. QLASSIC - QUALITY ASSESSMENT SYSTEM FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION WORK Achieve quality of workmanship in construction works:- Subscribe to independent method to assess and evaluate quality of workmanship of building project based on CIDB's CIS 7: Quality Assessment System for Building Construction Work (QLASSIC). Must ac ieve a			
	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent. The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff and/or wind erosion, including protecting topsoil by stockpiling for reuse. b) Prevent sedimentation of storm sewer or receiving stream. c) Prevent polluting the air with dust and particulate matter. QLASSIC - QUALITY ASSESSMENT SYSTEM FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION WORK Achieve quality of workmanship in construction works:- Subscribe to independent method to assess and evaluate quality of workmanship of building project based on CIDB's CIS 7: Quality Assessment System for Building Construction Work (QLASSIC). Must ac ieve a minimum score of 70 %.			
	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent. The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff and/or wind erosion, including protecting topsoil by stockpiling for reuse. b) Prevent sedimentation of storm sewer or receiving stream. c) Prevent polluting the air with dust and particulate matter. QLASSIC - QUALITY ASSESSMENT SYSTEM FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION WORK Achieve quality of workmanship in construction works:- Subscribe to independent method to assess and evaluate quality of workmanship of building project based on CIDB's CIS 7: Quality Assessment System for Building Construction Work (QLASSIC). Must ac ieve a minimum score of 70 %. WORKERS' SITE AMENITIES Reduce pollution from construction activities by controlling pollution from waste and rubbish from workers.			
	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent. The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff and/or wind erosion, including protecting topsoil by stockpiling for reuse. b) Prevent sedimentation of storm sewer or receiving stream. c) Prevent polluting the air with dust and particulate matter. QLASSIC - QUALITY ASSESSMENT SYSTEM FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION WORK Achieve quality of workmanship in construction works:- Subscribe to independent method to assess and evaluate quality of workmanship of building project based on CIDB's CIS 7: Quality Assessment System for Building Construction Work (QLASSIC). Must ac ieve a minimum score of 70 %. WORKERS' SITE AMENITIES Reduce pollution from construction activities by controlling pollution from waste and rubbish from workers. Create and implement a Site Amenities Plan for all construction workers associated with the project:-			
	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent. The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff and/or wind erosion, including protecting topsoil by stockpiling for reuse. b) Prevent sedimentation of storm sewer or receiving stream. c) Prevent polluting the air with dust and particulate matter. QLASSIC - QUALITY ASSESSMENT SYSTEM FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION WORK Achieve quality of workmanship in construction works:- Subscribe to independent method to assess and evaluate quality of workmanship of building project based on CIDB's CIS 7: Quality Assessment System for Building Construction Work (QLASSIC). Must ac ieve a minimum score of 70 %. WORKERS' SITE AMENITIES Reduce pollution from construction activities by controlling pollution from waste and rubbish from workers. Create and implement a Site Amenities Plan for all construction workers associated with the project:- The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Proper accommodation for construction workers at the site or at temporary rented accommodation	1	1	
	Create and implement an Erosion and Sedimentation Control (ESC) Plan for all construction activities associated with the project. The ESC Plan shall conform to the erosion and sedimentation requirements of the approved Earthworks Plans OR Local erosion and sedimentation control standards and codes, whichever is the more stringent. The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Prevent loss of soil during construction by storm water runoff and/or wind erosion, including protecting topsoil by stockpiling for reuse. b) Prevent sedimentation of storm sewer or receiving stream. c) Prevent polluting the air with dust and particulate matter. QLASSIC - QUALITY ASSESSMENT SYSTEM FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION WORK Achieve quality of workmanship in construction works:- Subscribe to independent method to assess and evaluate quality of workmanship of building project based on CIDB's CIS 7: Quality Assessment System for Building Construction Work (QLASSIC). Must ac ieve a minimum score of 70 %. WORKERS' SITE AMENITIES Reduce pollution from construction activities by controlling pollution from waste and rubbish from workers. Create and implement a Site Amenities Plan for all construction workers associated with the project:- The plan shall describe the measures implemented to accomplish the following objectives: a) Proper accommodation for construction workers at the site or at temporary rented accommodation nearby.	1	1	

Reduce poi Locate proj OR Locate proj OR Locate proj OR Locate proj Provide pre "Preferrec (exclusive de l'acculusive		ALLOCATED	POINTS	SCORE
Reduce poi Locate proj OR Locate proj OR Locate proj OR Locate proj Encourage Provide pre "Preferrece (exclusive de SIZE parkins preferred p DESIGN SM11 STORMV Limit disruy managing sonsite infilth Condition If existing in Implement quantity fre Storm Wate Condition If existing in Implement runoff requent For either promotes rainfall usir SM12 GREENE Reduce hea impact on r A) Hardsca 1) Provide courtyar a) Shade (w b) Paving m c) Open gri B) Roof Ap 1) Use roof below for OR 2) Install his (Area of SK Roof Type Low-Sloppe Low-Sloppe Low-Sloppe	RTATION			
Locate projonal Locate projonal Locate projonal Resisting in Implement quantity frostorn Water Provide single and single	PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION ACCESS			
SM9 GREEN N Encourage Provide pre "Preferrece (exclusive of size parking preferred p	e pollution and land development impacts from automobile use:-			
Encourage Provide pre "Preferrec (exclusive of size parking preferred prefer	e project within 1 km of an existing, or planned and funded, commuter rail, light rail or subway station.		1	
Encourage Provide pre "Preferred (exclusive of preferred	e project within 500 m of at least one bus stop.	1		
Provide pre "Preferred (exclusive of size parking preferred prefer	EN VEHICLE PRIORITY - LOW EMITTING & FUEL EFFICIENT VEHICLES			
"Preferred (exclusive of (exclusive of (exclusive of exclusive of excl	rage use of green vehicles:-			
DESIGN Discourage Size parkin preferred p DESIGN SM11 STORMV Limit disruy managing sonsite infilt Condition If existing in Implement quantity firstorm Wate Condition If existing in Implement runoff requester for either promotes rainfall usin SM12 GREENE Reduce hea impact on r A) Hardsca 1) Provide a courtyar a) Shade (w b) Paving m c) Open gri B) Roof Ap 1) Use roof below for OR 2) Install a to OR 3) Install his (Area of SR Roof Type Low-Sloppe Low-Sloppe	le preferred parking for green vehicles for 5% of the total provided parking spaces.		1	
Discourage Size parkin preferred p DESIGN SM11 STORMV Limit disruy managing sonsite infilt Condition If existing in Implement quantity fire Storm Wate Condition If existing in Implement runoff requentity frequentity from the state of	erred parking" refers to the parking spots that are closest to the main entrance of the project sive of spaces designated for handicapped or parking passes provided at a discounted price).	1	-	
Size parkin preferred p DESIGN SM11 STORMV Limit disruy managing sonsite infilt Condition If existing it implement quantity for Storm Wate Condition If existing it implement runoff requences for either promotes rainfall usin SM12 GREENE Reduce heading and some courty are a shade (which is to be a shade (which is to be a shade) for or o	KING CAPACITY			
DESIGN SM11 STORMV Limit disruy managing sonsite infilt Condition If existing in Implement quantity fire Storm Wate Condition If existing in Implement runoff requentity for either promotes rainfall usin SM12 GREENE Reduce hea impact on r A) Hardsca 1) Provide a courtyar a) Shade (w. b) Paving m c) Open gri B) Roof Ap 1) Use roof below for OR 2) Install a way of Shade (w. courtyar) (Area of Shade (w. courtyar) Install hig (Area of Shade (y. courtyar) (Area of Shade (y. courtyar) Install hig (Area of Shade (y. courtyar)	urage over-provision of car parking capacity:-			
Limit disruy managing sonsite infilt Condition If existing in Implement quantity for Storm Wate Condition If existing in Implement quantity for Storm Wate Condition If existing in Implement runoff requence For either promotes rainfall usin EM12 GREENE Reduce here impact on roll and the storm of the	arking capacity to meet, but not to exceed the minimum local zoning requirements, AND provide red parking for carpools or vanpools for 5% of the total provided parking spaces.	1	1	
Limit disruy managing sonsite infilt Condition If existing in Implement quantity for Storm Wate Condition If existing in Implement runoff requesting in I				
managing sonsite infilt Condition If existing in Implement quantity fire Storm Water Condition If existing in Implement runoff requences rainfall usin SM12 GREENE Reduce here impact on results of the storm water for the storm of the st	RMWATER DESIGN – QUANTITY & QUALITY CONTROL			
If existing in Implement quantity fire Storm Wate Condition If existing in Implement runoff requirement runoff run	disruption of natural hydrology by reducing impervious cover, increasing on-site infiltration, and ging storm water runoff. Reduce or eliminate water pollution by reducing impervious cover, increasing infiltration, eliminating sources of contaminants, and removing pollutants from storm water runoff:-			
If existing in Implement runoff required For either promotes rainfall usin SM12 GREENE Reduce here impact on run A) Hardsca 1) Provide courtyare a) Shade (w. b) Paving m. c) Open grides of the state	tion 1: ting imperviousness is ≤ 50%: ment a storm water management plan that prevents the post development peak discharge rate and ty from exceeding the pre-development peak discharge rate and quantity in conformance to the Water Management Manual for Malaysia (MASMA).		1	
promotes rainfall usin SM12 GREENE Reduce her impact on r A) Hardsca 1) Provide icourtyar a) Shade (w b) Paving m c) Open gri B) Roof Ap 1) Use roof below for OR 2) Install a v OR 3) Install his (Area of SK Roof Type Low-Slope	ting imperviousness is \geq 50%: ment a storm water management plan that results in a 25% decrease in the volume of storm water required under MASMA.	1		
Reduce her impact on r A) Hardsca 1) Provide a courtyar a) Shade (w b) Paving m c) Open gri B) Roof Ap 1) Use roof below fo OR 2) Install a w OR 3) Install his (Area of Sh Roof Type Low-Slope	ither Condition, implement a storm water management plan that reduces impervious cover, otes infiltration, and captures and treats the storm water runoff from 90% of the average annual II using acceptable best management practices (BMPs).			
impact on r A) Hardsca 1) Provide a courtyare a) Shade (w b) Paving m c) Open gri B) Roof Ap 1) Use roof below for OR 2) Install a w OR 3) Install hig (Area of SR Roof Type Low-Slope	ENERY & ROOF			'
1) Provide : courtyara a) Shade (w b) Paving m c) Open gri B) Roof Ap 1) Use roof below fo OR 2) Install a w OR 3) Install hig (Area of SR Roof Type Low-Slope	e heat island (thermal gradient difference between developed and undeveloped areas) to minimize ton microclimate and human and wildlife habitat:-			
B) Roof Ap 1) Use roof below fo OR 2) Install a v OR 3) Install his (Area of SR Roof Type Low-Slope	rdscape & Greenery Application: vide any combination of the following strategies for 50% of the site hardscape (including sidewalks, rtyards, plazas and parking lots): de (within 5 years of occupancy); ing materials with a Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) of at least 29; en grid pavement system;	1	2	
OR 3) Install hig (Area of SR Roof Type Low-Slope	of Application: roofing material with a Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) equal to or greater than the value in the table ow for a minimum of 75% of the roof surface;			
Roof Type Low-Slope	all high albedo and vegetated roof surfaces that, in combination, meet the following criteria:	1		
' '	of SRI Roof / 0.75) + (Area of vegetated roof / 0.5) ≥ Total Roof Area Type Slope SRI loped Roof < 2:12 78 -Sloped Roof > 2:12 29			
M13 BUILDIN	BUILDING USER MANUAL			
	Document Green building design features and strategies for user information and guide to sustain performance during occupancy:-			
<u>'</u>	le a Building User Manual which documents passive and active features that should not be	1	1	
	SM SUB-TOTAL	16	16	0



MATERIALS & RESOURCES (MR)

REUSED & RECYCLED MATERIALS | SUSTAINABLE RESOURCES | WASTE MANAGEMENT | GREEN PRODUCTS

11 POINTS

ITEM	AREA OF ASSESSMENT	DETAIL POINTS ALLOCATED	MAX POINTS	SCORE
REUS	SED AND RECYCLED MATERIALS			
MR1	MATERIALS REUSE AND SELECTION			
	Reuse building materials and products to reduce demand for virgin materials and reduce creation of waste. This serves to reduce environmental impact associated with extraction and processing of virgin resources. Integrate building design and its buildability with selection of reused building materials, taking into account their embodied energy, durability, carbon content and life cycle costs:-		2	
	Where reused products/materials constitutes \geq 2% of the project's total material cost value, \textit{OR}	1		
	Where reused products/materials constitutes \geq 5% of the project's total material cost value.	2		
MR2	RECYCLED CONTENT MATERIALS			
	Increase demand for building products that incorporate recycled content materials in their production:- (Recycled content shall be defined in accordance with the International Organization of Standards Document).			
	Where use of materials with recycled content is such that the sum of post-consumer recycled plus one-half of the pre-consumer content constitutes \geq 10% (based on cost) of the total value of the materials in the project, \textit{OR}	1	2	
	Where use of materials with recycled content is such that the sum of post-consumer recycled plus one-half of thepre-consumer content constitutes at least 30% (based on cost) of the total value of the materials in the project.	2		
SUST	AINABLE RESOURCES			
MR3	REGIONAL MATERIALS			
	Use building materials and products that are extracted and manufactured within the region, thereby supporting the use of indigenous resources and reducing the environmental impacts resulting from transportation:-			
	Use building materials or products that have been extracted, harvested or recovered, as well as manufactured, within 500km of the project site for ≥ 20% (based on cost) of the total material value. Mechanical, electrical and plumbing components shall not be included. Only include materials permanently installed in the project.	1	1	
MR4	SUSTAINABLE TIMBER			
	Encourage environmentally responsible forest management:-			
	Where ≥ 50% of wood-based materials and products used are certified. These components include, but are not limited to, structural framing and general dimensional framing, flooring, sub-flooring, wood doors and finishes. To include wood materials permanently installed and also temporarily purchased for the project. Compliance with Malaysian Timber Certification Council AND Forest Stewardship Council requirements.	1	1	
WAS	TE MANAGEMENT			
MR5	STORAGE & COLLECTION OF RECYCLABLES			
	Facilitate reduction of waste generated during construction and during building occupancy that is hauled and disposed off in landfills:-			
	During Construction, provide dedicated area/s and storage for collection of non-hazardous materials for recycling, <i>AND</i> During Building Occupancy, provide permanent recycle bins.	1	1	
MR6	CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT			
	Develop and implement a construction waste management plan that, as a minimum identifies the materials to be diverted from disposal regardless of whether the materials will be sorted on site or co-mingled. Quantify by measuring total truck loads of waste sent for disposal:-		•	
	Recycle and/or salvage \geq 50% volume of non-hazardous construction debris, $\it OR$	1	2	
	Recycle and/or salvage ≥ 75% volume of non-hazardous construction debris.	2		
GREE	EN PRODUCTS			
MR7	REFRIGERANTS & CLEAN AGENTS			
/	Use environmentally-friendly Refrigerants and Clean Agents exceeding Malaysia's commitment to the Montreal & Kyoto protocols:-			
	Use zero Ozone Depleting Potential (ODP) products: non-CFC and non-HCFC refrigerants AND fire suppression clean agents;	1	2	
	Use non-synthetic (natural) refrigerants AND fire suppression clean agents with zero ODP and negligible Global Warming Potential (GWP ≤10).	1		

WATER EFFICIENCY (WE) WATER HARVESTING & RECYCLING | INCREASED EFFICIENCY 10 POINTS

ITEM	AREA OF ASSESSMENT	DETAIL POINTS ALLOCATED	MAX POINTS	SCORE	
WAT	ER HARVESTING & RECYCLING				
WE1	RAINWATER HARVESTING				
	Encourage rainwater harvesting that will lead to reduction in potable water consumption:-				
	Rainwater harvesting that leads to ≥15% reduction in potable water consumption, <i>OR</i>	1	2		
	Rainwater harvesting that leads to ≥30% reduction in potable water consumption.	2			
WE2	WATER RECYCLING				
	Encourage water recycling that will lead to reduction in potable water consumption:-				
	Treat and recycle ≥10% wastewater leading to reduction in potable water consumption, <i>OR</i>	1	2		
	Treat and recycle ≥30% wastewater leading to reduction in potable water consumption.	2			
INCR	EASED EFFICIENCY				
WE3	WATER EFFICIENT - IRRIGATION/LANDSCAPING				
	Encourage the design of system that does not require the use of potable water supply from the local water authority:-				
	Reduce potable water consumption for landscape irrigation by ≥50% (e.g. through use of native or adaptive plants to reduce or eliminate irrigation requirement, <i>OR</i>	1	2		
	Not use potable water at all for landscape irrigation.	2			
WE4	WATER EFFICIENT FITTINGS				
	Encourage reduction in potable water consumption through use of efficient devices:-				
	Reduce annual potable water consumption by ≥30%, <i>OR</i>	1	2		
	Reduce annual potable water consumption by ≥50%	2			
WE5	METERING & LEAK DETECTION SYSTEM				
	Encourage the design of systems that monitors and manages water consumption:-				
	Use of sub-meters to monitor and manage major water usage for cooling towers, irrigation, kitchens and tenancy use.	1	2		
	Link all water sub-meters to EMS to facilitate early detection of water leakage.	1			
	WE SUB-TOTAL	10	10	0	

6 INNOVATION (IN) INNOVATION & ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN INITIATIVES | GBI FACILITATOR 7 POINTS

ITEM	AREA OF ASSESSMENT	DETAIL POINTS ALLOCATED	MAX POINTS	SCORE
IN1	INNOVATION IN DESIGN & ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN INITIATIVES		6	
	Provide design team and project the opportunity to be awarded points for exceptional performance above the requirements set by GBI rating system:-			
	1 point for each approved innovation and environmental design initiative up to a maximum of 6 points, such as;			
	 Condensate water recovery (accounting for at least 50% of total AHUs/FCUs) for use as cooling tower make-up water etc; 			
	Co-generation / Tri-generation system;			
	Thermal / PCM / Thermal Mass storage system (accounting for at least 25% of total required capacity);			
	Solar thermal technology / Solar Airconditioners (generating at least 10% of total required capacity);			
	Heat recovery system (contributing to at least 10% of total required capacity);			
	Heat pipe technology;			
	• Light pipes;			
	 Auto-condenser tube cleaning system (fitted to plant equipment serving at least 50% of total capacity); 	6		
	Non-chemical water treatment system (serving at least 50% of total capacity);	0		
	Vacuum degasser cleaning system for chilled water piping system;			
	Dynamic balancing control valve system (for entire chilled water system);			
	Mixed mode / low energy ventilation system;			
	Advanced air filtration technology (serving at least 50% of the NLA);			
	Waterless urinals (fitted to all male toilets);			
	Central vacuum system (serving at least 50% of NLA);			
	Central Pneumatic Waste Collection system;			
	Self-cleaning façade;			
	Electrochromic glazed façade;			
	Refrigerant leakage detection with refrigerant storage and recycling facilities;			
	Recycling of Sprinkler and Wet Riser fire system water during regular testing;			
	Necycling of Sprinker and Wet rises me system water during regular testing,			
IN2	GREEN BUILDING INDEX FACILITATOR		1	
	To support and encourage the design integration required for Green Building Index rated buildings and to streamline the application and certification process:-			
	At least one principal participant of the project team shall be a Green Building Index Facilitator who is engaged at the onset of the design process until completion of construction and Green Building Index certification is obtained.	1		
	IN SUB-TOTAL	7	7	0